Map of Chapultepec, Condesa and Polanco







BOSQUE DE CHAPULTEPEC ("grasshopper hill", in the Nahuatl language). This is one of the biggest, most beautiful and visited parks over the world; it is divided in three sections in which you can find museums, restaurants, gardens, amusement parks, the zoo and an artificial lake with rowing boats for rent and some places where cultural events are shown, such as National Auditorium and the Centro Cultural del Bosque and Casa del Lago.

Museo Nacional de Antropologia (National Museum of Anthropology) (1) — It is the most important museum in the country. Its collection consists of 10 thousand original pieces which are exhibited in over 23 exhibition halls. The first floor is dedicated to to Pre-Hispanic Mexico, and the second to the ethnology halls which show the cultural characteristics of indigenous peoples of Mexico. 55536253 Twes through Sun 9–1 hrs.

Museo Rufino Tamayo (Rufino Tamayo Museum) (2) — It was built to keep the international art collection property of the famous Oaxaca artist. Today it hosts an important collection of paintings, cravings, drawings, sculptures, photographs and tapestries of the XX century. Among its 300 works those of Wharol, Picasso and Tamayo himself are outstanding. 52866519. Twes to Sun 10–18 hrs.

Museo de Arte Moderno (Modern Art Museum) (3) — There is a permanent exhibition of contemporary sculptures in the garden. The temporary expositions (generally three months) promote Mexican and world artists.

Some outstanding paintings of its permanent collection of contemporary Mexican art of the XX century are those by José María Velasco, Orozco, Siqueiros, Frida Khalo, Remedios Varo, Leonora Carrington and Rufino Tamayo. 52118331 Twes through Sun 10-17 hrs.

Museo Nacional de Historia (Castillo de Chapultepec) (National Museum of History (Chapultepec Castle) (4) — Built in 1785 to be the residence of the viceroys of Nueva España, it served after as a Military College, and as a Palace of emperor Maximiliano. Along the Porfiriato period it served as presidential residence, and in 1939 President Lázaro Cárdenas destined the precincts to be a museum, which was inaugurated in 1944. Its collections illustrate the life of Mexico from the Conquest to the Revolution. Also, murals by Orozco, Siqueiros, O'Gorman and González Camarena can be admired here. 50619214 Twes to Sun 9–16:30 hrs.

Museo del Caracol. Galeria de Historia (Snail Museum. History Gallery) (5) — It is dedicated to the children and young people of the country. Through scale models, portraits, maps, and documents it shows the process of independent Mexico from the end of the XVIII century up to mid XX. 52413140 Twes through Sun 9-16:15 hrs.

Zoológico de Chapultepec (Chapultepec Zoo) (6) — It is the most important zoo in Latin America. It has been lately remodeled in an integral manner following a pedagogical concept and of protection of natural resources. 55536263 Twes through Sun 9-16:15 hrs.

La Feria, Chapultepec Magico (Magic Chapultepec Fair) (7) — It is the first funfair of Mexico City. It has modern mechanical games and a big roller-coaster. 52302121 Mon through Thrus 10–18 hrs Fri 10–19 hrs, Sat, Sun and Hollidays 10–21 hrs.

Museo Tecnológico de la Comisión Federal de Electricidad (Technological Museum of the Federal Commission of Electricity) (8) — It was created for the purpose of spreading knowledge of science and technology. It exhibits machinery and equipment that show the technological development of Mexico.55160964 Mon through Sun. 9–17 hrs. Free Entrance.

Papalote, Museo del Niňo (Papalote, Child's Museum) (9) – Interactive museum where children are allowed to touch to play and to learn about subjects related to environment, archeology, nature and the cyberspace. 52371758. Consult the entertainments section.

Museo de Historia Natural (Museum of Natural History) (10) — Its collections are referred to subjects related to ecology, to the environment conservation, and to natural history. 55156304 Twes to Sun 10-17 hrs.

POLANCO is a residential zone with numerous art galleries, restaurants, hotels and embassies. The main street, **Presidente Mazarik (11)** — is a commercial corridor with stores, plazas and boutiques of the most exclusives international brands, so as with restaurants. Places of interest:

Sala de Arte Publico Siqueiros (Siqueiros Public Art Hall) (12) — Just before his death in 1974, Siqueiros donated his home and studio to be a museum, which now exhibits documents, personal photographs, and works by the painter 52035888 Twes to Sun 10-18 hrs.

Parque Lincoln (Lincoln Park) (13) — Attractive place surrounded by fountains, restaurants and commercial businesses. His ancient clock is outstanding.

LA CONDESA is a neighborhood from the beginning of the XX century which integrates houses of the epoch together with modern constructions, important parks and wide wooded zones. Places of interest:

Av. Michoacán (14) — There is a large number of small restaurants gourmets, cafés and bars in this Street, so as in the neighbor streets.

Parque Mexico (México Park) (15) — It is one of the most beautiful parks in the city. It is decorated in art déco style, has a small artificial lake and a skating rink.

PASEO DE LA REFORMA—It is one of the main avenues of the city. Dated back to the epoch of Emperor Maximiliano de Hasburgo who built it to communicate the Chapultlepec Castle with the National Palace. It has important roundabouts with fountains and monuments. Several temporary expositions, different fairs, and cultural events take place along its long its sidewalks. Places of interest:

Monumento a Cristóbal Colón (Monument to Cristóbal Colón) (16) — Inaugurated in 1877 it is a sculpture made in France by the artist Carlos Cordier in which it is possible to see Colón accompanied by religious people located in the base who symbolize the evangelization of the new world.

Monumento a Cuauhtémoc (Monument to Cuauhtémoc) (17) — Built between 1878 and 1887 it is a work in bronze by sculptor Miguel Noreña. The relief of Cuauhtémoc Torture is by Gabriel Guerra, the Feathered Jaguars by Epitacio Calvo, and the design of the whole group by architect Ramón Agea.

Monumento a la Independencia (Monument to Independence) (18) — Known as "The Angel". Its image is representative of the city. It is a 36 meters column crowned with a winged victory, after which it is named "The Angel". The architectonic project was in charge of architect Rivas Mercado, and the statue

work was supervised by Enrique Alciati. It was inaugurated on the 16 September 1910 to commemorate the centenary of the independence and to honor their heroes, whose sculptures are exhibited outside.

Fuente de la Diana Cazadora (Diana Cazadora Fountain) (19) — It is a sculpture by Juan Olaquibel.

Torre Mayor (Mayor Tower) (20) — It is a great work of contemporary architecture. Its 225 meters long and 55 levels make it to be one of the highest constructions in Latin America. In the 52 floor you can find the Mirador, from where it is possible to admire the city. 52838000. Mon through Fri 9-22 hrs. Sat and Sun 11-21 hrs.

THE PINK ZONE (21) — Besides having a vibrant night life, this zone concentrates art galleries, boutiques, restaurants and open air cafes, so as bars, discotheques and night clubs.

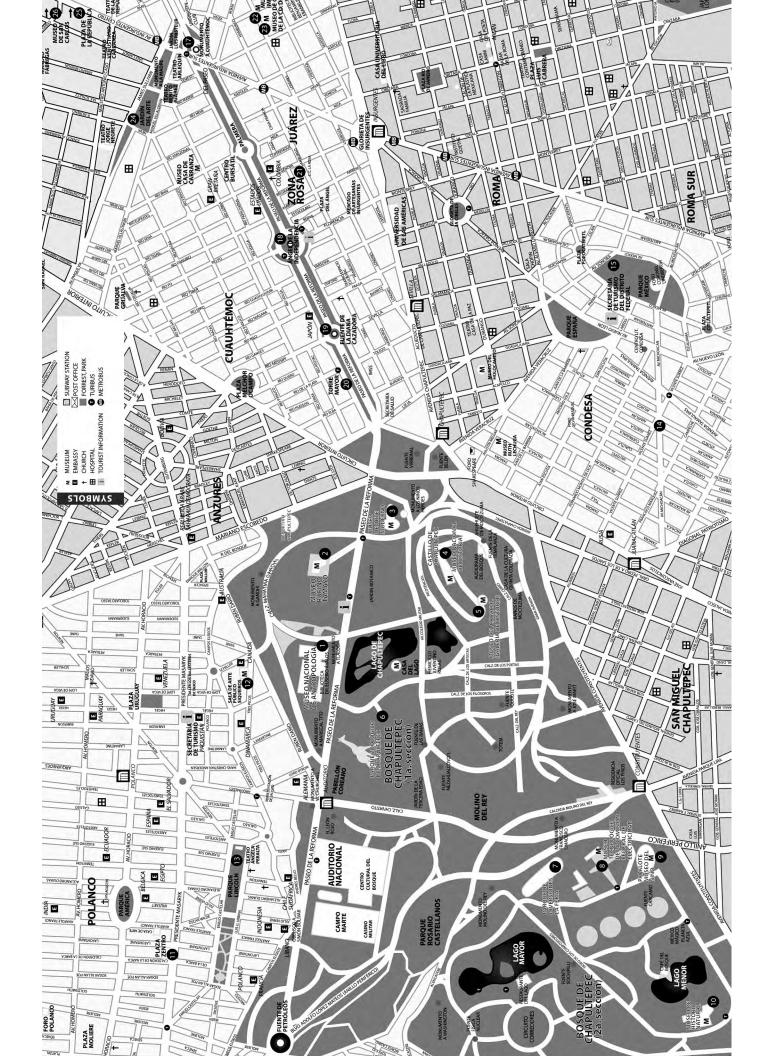
Museo de lo Increible, Ripley (Museum of the Incredible, Ripley) (22) — An encounter with the strange, the unusual and the incredible. 55463784. Mon through Sun 11–19 hrs.

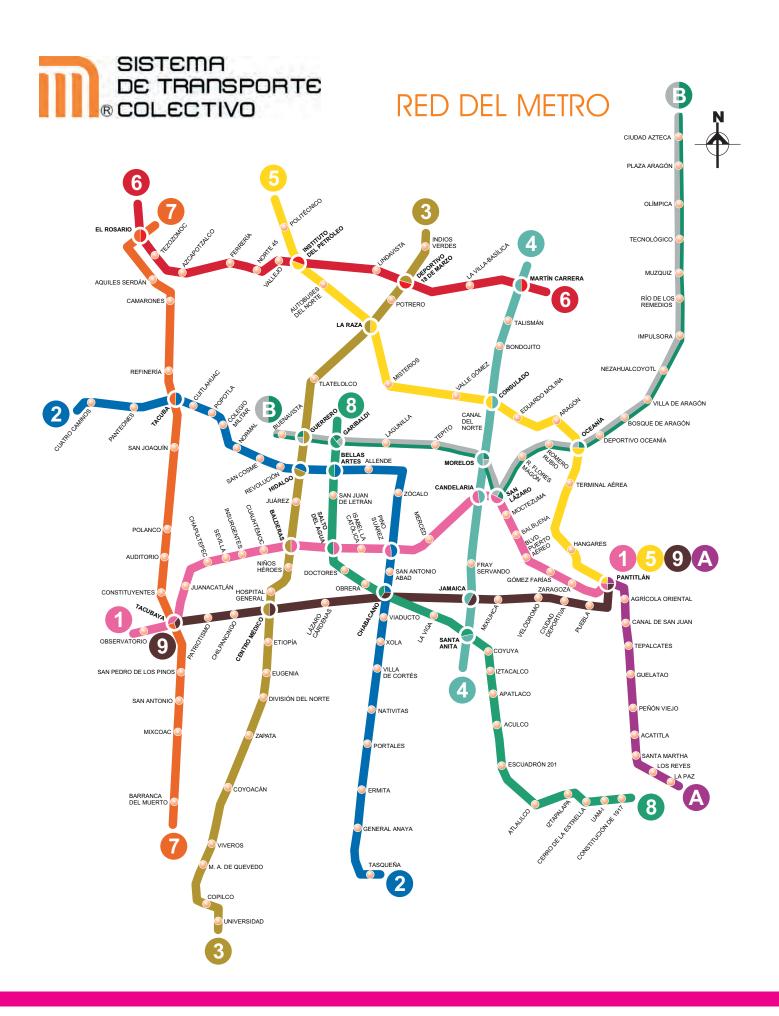
Museo de Cera de la Ciudad de México (Wax Museum of Mexico City) (23) — Admire the wax reproductions of politicians, artists, scientists, heroes, and actors.55463784 Mon through Sun 11-19 hrs.

Jardin del Arte (Garden of Art) (24) — Every day divers works are exhibited and sold in this traditional market to open air. Sun 10-15 hrs.

PLAZA DE LA REPUBLICA (REPUBLIC SQUARE) (25) — This square is dominated by the Monument to Revolution, which construction was started during the regime of Porfirio Díaz on the centenary of the independence. It was planned to be the new Legislative Palace, but the revolutionary movement interrupted the works and the sculptures destined for the site were installed in the Palace of Fine Arts. The abandoned structure became a monument to revolutionary fight, so as the mausoleum where the mortal remains of the heroes of this passage of national history: Pancho Villa, Venustiano Carranza, Franciso I. Madero, Plutarco Elías Calles and Lázaro Cárdenas. The National Museum of the Revolution is located under the monument, holding an important collection of arms, sculptures and paintings of the revolutionary heroes. 55661902. Twes to Sun 9–17 hrs.

Museo Nacional de San Carlos (San Carlos National Museum) (26) — This house built by architect Manuel Tolsá known as the palace of count of Buenavista exhibits a rich collection of works from the XVI to XX centuries, including works by Rubens, Caracci, Ingres, Clavel Sorolla, Bruegel, Goya, The "Tintoretto", Zurbarán, Rembrandt and Ribera. 55668522 and 55668085 Wed to Mon 10–18 hrs.





MODULES D'INFORMATION TOURISTIQUE

Aeropuerto (Airport)

Capt. Carlos León s/n, col. Peñón de los Baños. "Benito Juárez" Mexico City International Airport . National Arrivals. 57869002. Mon through Sun 7 to 22 hrs.

Antropología (Anthropology)

Paseo de la Reforma and Gandhi, col. Bosque de Chapultepec. Front of the Anthropology Museum 52863850. Mon. Thorugh Sun 9:00 to 18:00 hrs.

Basílica (Basilica)

Plaza de las Américas 1, col. Villa de Guadalupe. Front Yard of the Guadalupe Basílica. 57482085 Mon. Through Suun 9:00 to 18:00 hrs.

Palacio de Bellas Artes (Palace of Fine Arts)

Corner of Angela Peralta and Av. Juárez, Col Centro Between the Palace of Fine Arts and the Alameda Central 55182799. Mon through Sun 9:00 to 18:00 hrs.

Catedral (Cathedral)

Plaza del Empedradito, next to the Metropolitan Cathedral 55181003. Mon through sun 9:00 to 18:00 hrs

Cien Metros

Av. 100 Metros 4907, Col Magdalena de las Salinas. North Bus Station. Main entrance. 57191201. Mon through sun. 9:00 to 18:00 hrs.

El Angel (The Angel)

Paseo de la Reforma and Florencia, col. Juárez. In front of the Angel of Independence. 5208-1030.. Mon through Sun 9:00 to 18:00 hrs.

Observatorio

Sur 122 at the corner with Río Tacubaya, Col. Real del Monte. West Bus Station. Main entrance 52728816. Mon through Sun 9:00 to 18:00 hrs.

Tapo

Calz. Ignacio Zaragoza 200, col. 10 de Mayo, Orient Bus Station. 57843077. Mon through Sun. 9:00 to 18:00 hrs.

Templo Mayor

Seminario s/n, col. Centro Next to the Metropolitan Cathedral. 55128977 Mon through Sun 9:00 to 18:00 hrs.

Ministry of Tourism Government of the Federal District

Nuevo León 56 col. Hipódromo Condesa

Touristic Information of the Federal District, 018000089090

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